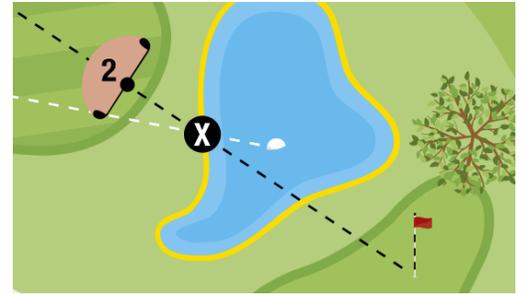


B-2 Relief on Opposite Side of Red Penalty Area

SRPGA Local Rule Adopted January 10, 2019

When a player's ball is in a penalty area, including when it is known or virtually certain to be in a penalty area even though not found, the player may take relief using one of the options under Rule 17.1d, or . . . (see B-2.1 below).

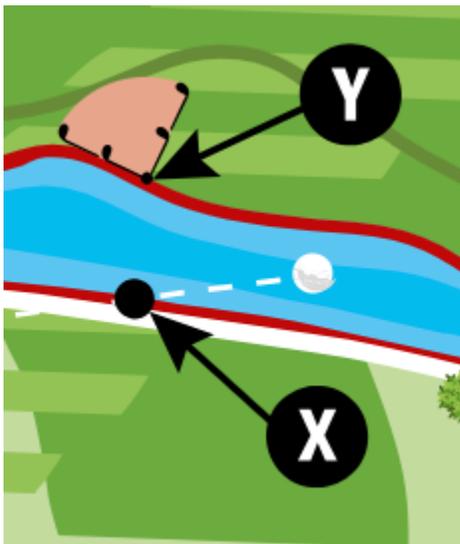


Rule 17.1d.

B-2-1. When the ball last crossed the edge of the *red* penalty area as an extra relief option adding one penalty stroke, the player may drop the original ball or another ball on the opposite side of the penalty area.



B-2.2 This Local Rule applies when a player's ball is found in or it is known or virtually certain to have come to rest in any red penalty area that coincides with a boundary of the course and the point where the ball last crossed the edge of the penalty area is on the boundary side of that penalty area.



⊗ **Point where the ball entered the penalty area**

Ⓨ **Reference Point.**

The estimated point (point Y) on the opposite edge of the penalty area that is the same distance from the hole as the estimated point (point X) where the original ball last crossed the edge of the red penalty area.

● **Relief Area.**

Size of the Relief Area: Two club lengths from the reference point (point Y).

Limits on the Relief Area:

- Must not be nearer the hole.
- May be in any area of the course except the same penalty area.
- If more than one area of the course is located within two club-lengths of the reference point, the ball must come to rest in the relief area in the same area of the course that the ball first touches when dropped in the relief area.